



UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION  
NET BUREAU

## Paper - 1

# SYLLABUS

### Teaching Aptitude

- Teaching : Concept , objectives , levels of teaching(memory , understanding and reflective), characteristics and basic requirements.
- Learner's characteristics : Characteristics of adolescent and adult learners 9 academic , social , emotional and cognitive), individual differences
- Factors affecting teaching related to : Teacher , Learner , Support material , Instructional facilities , Learning environment and Institution.
- Methods of teaching in higher learning Institutions : Teacher centred vs learner - centred methods ; offline vs online methods ( Swayam , Swayamprabha , MOOC;s etc.)
- Teaching support system : Traditional , modern and ICT based
- Evaluation systems : Elements and types of evaluation , evaluation in choice Based Credit Systems in Higher Education, Computer - based testing , innovations in evaluation systems.

### Research Aptitude

- Research : Meaning types and characteristics , positivism and post - positivistic approach to research.
- Methods of research : Experimental , descriptive , Historical , qualitative and quantitative methods
- Steps of research
- Thesis and article writing : Format and styles of referencing
- Application of ICT in Research
- Research ethics

### Comprehension

- A passage of text is given . Questions are asked from the passage which needs to be answered.

### Communication

- Communication : Meaning , types and characteristics of communication
- Effective Communication : Verbal and non - verbal, inter-cultural and group communications, classroom communication

- Barriers to effective communication
- Mass-media and society

## **Mathematical Reasoning and Aptitude**

- Types of reasoning
- Number series , letter series codes and relationships
- Mathematical aptitude ( fraction , time and distance , ratio , propotion and percentage , profit and loss , interest and discounting , averages etc.)

## **Logical Reasoning**

- Understanding the stricture of arguments : Argument forms , the structure of categorical propositions , mood and figure , formal and informal fallacies , uses of language , connotations , and denotations of terms , the classical square of opposition
- Evaluating nd distinguishing deductive and inductive reasoning
- Analogies
- Venn diagram : Simple and Multiple uses for establishing the validity of arguments
- Indian Logic : Means of Knowledge
- Pramanas : Pratyaksha (Perception) , Anumana(Interecence), Upamana(Comparison) , Shabda (Verbal testimony), Arthapatti (Implication) and Anupalabddhi ( Non- apprehension)
- Structure and kinds of Aunmana (inference), Vyapti(invariable relation), Hetvabhasa (fallacies of inference)

## **Data Interpretation**

- Sources , acquisition and classification of data
- Quantitative and qualitative data
- Graphical representation(bar-chart, histograms, pie-chart, table-chart and line-chart) and mapping of data
- Data interpretation
- Data and governance

## **Information and Communication Technology (ICT)**

- ICT : General abbreviations and terminology
- Basics of Internet , Email , Audio and Video confrencing
- Digital initiatives in higher education

## **People , Development and Environment**

- Development and environment : Millennium development and Sustainable development foals
- Human and environment interaction : Anthropogrnrc activities and their impacts on the environment

- Environment Issues : Local , regional and global , air pollution , water pollution , soil pollution , noise pollution , waste ( solid , liquid , biomedical , hazardous , electronic), climate change and its socio-economic and political dimensions
- Impacts of pollutions on human health
- Natural and energy resources : Solar , Wind , Soil , Hydro , Geothermal , Biomass , Nuclear and Forests
- Natural hazards and disasters : Mitigation strategies
- Environmental Protection Act(1986), National Action Plan on Climate Change , International Agreements / efforts - Montreal Protocol , Rio Summit , Convention on Biodiversity , Kyoto Protocol , Paris Agreement , International Solar Alliance.

### **Higher Education System**

- Institutions of higher learning and education in ancient India
- Evolution of higher learning and research in post-independence India
- Oriental, conventional and non-conventional learning programmes in India
- Professional , technical and skill-based education
- Value education and environmental education
- Policies , governance and administration.